UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

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(Mar	rk One)			
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	ror u	ne quarterly period ended March 31, or	2025	
	TO ANCIPION DEBODE DUDCHANT TO CECTION 12 OD 15(4)	OF THE SECUDITIES EVOLANCE	NE A CT OF 1024	
	TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)	OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANG	SE ACT OF 1934	
		nsition period from to _		
		Commission File Number: 001-39671		
	\mathbf{N}	lediaAlpha, In	c.	
		name of registrant as specified in its c		
	Delaware		85-1854133	
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)		(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)	
	(Address o	O South Flower Street, Suite 6 Los Angeles, California 90017 If principal executive offices, including (213) 316-6256 rant's telephone number, including area	zip code)	
Secui	rities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:			
	Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which reg	gistered
	Class A Common Stock, \$0.01 par value per share	MAX	NYSE	
mont	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such that the regis	•	_	· -
this c	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electron hapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the		•	ation S-T (§232.405 of
the de	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated finitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting the contract of the contr			ng growth company. See
Larg	e accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	\boxtimes
	-accelerated filer		Smaller reporting company	
Eme	rging growth company			
accou	If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the regis inting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.	_	ed transition period for complying with any new or r	revised financial
	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (a	s defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchang	ge Act). Yes □ No ⊠	
comn	As of April 30, 2023, there were 44,640,155 shares of MediaAlpha, non stock, par value \$0.01 per share, outstanding.	, Inc.'s Class A common stock, \$0.01 p	ar value per share, and 18,885,493 shares of Media.	Alpha, Inc.'s Class B

MediaAlpha, Inc. and Subsidiaries

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Certain Definitions

As used in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

- "Class A-1 units" refers to the Class A-1 units of QL Holdings LLC ("QLH").
- "Class B-1 units" refers to the Class B-1 units of QLH.
- "Company," "we," or "us" refers to MediaAlpha, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, unless the context requires otherwise.
- "Consumer Referral" means any consumer click, call or lead purchased by a buyer on our platform.
- "Consumers" and "customers" refer interchangeably to end consumers. Examples include individuals shopping for insurance policies.
- "Digital consumer traffic" refers to visitors to the mobile, tablet, desktop and other digital platforms of our supply partners, as well as to our proprietary websites.
- "Direct-to-consumer" or "DTC" means the sale of insurance products or services directly to end consumers, without the use of retailers, brokers, agents or other intermediaries.
- "Distributor" means any company or individual that is involved in the distribution of insurance, such as an insurance agent or broker.
- "Exchange agreement" means the exchange agreement, dated as of October 27, 2020 by and among MediaAlpha, Inc., QLH, Intermediate Holdco, Inc. and certain Class B-1 unitholders party thereto.
- "Founders" means, collectively, Steven Yi, Eugene Nonko, and Ambrose Wang.
- "High-intent" consumer or customer means an in-market consumer that is actively browsing, researching or comparing the types of products or services that our partners sell.
- "Insignia" means Insignia Capital Group, L.P. and its affiliates.
- "Intermediate Holdco" means Guilford Holdings, Inc., our wholly owned subsidiary and the owner of all Class A-1 units.
- "Inventory," when referring to our supply partners, means the volume of Consumer Referral opportunities.
- "IPO" means our initial public offering of our Class A common stock, which closed on October 30, 2020.
- "Legacy Profits Interest Holders" means certain current or former employees of QLH or its subsidiaries (other than the Senior Executives), who indirectly held Class B units in QLH prior to our IPO and includes any estate planning vehicles or other holding companies through which such persons hold their units in QLH (which holding companies may or may not include QL Management Holdings LLC).
- "Lifetime value" or "LTV" is a type of metric that many of our business partners use to measure the estimated total worth to a business of a customer over the expected period of their relationship.
- "NAIC" means the National Association of Insurance Commissioners.
- "Open Marketplace" refers to one of our two business models. In Open Marketplace transactions, we have separate agreements with demand partners and suppliers. We earn fees from our demand partners and separately pay a revenue share to suppliers and a fee to Internet search companies to drive consumers to our proprietary websites.
- · "Partner" refers to a buyer or seller on our platform, also referred to as "demand partners" and "supply partners," respectively.
 - "Demand partner" refers to a buyer on our platform. As discussed under Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion & Analysis –
 Management Overview, our demand partners are generally insurance carriers and distributors looking to target high-intent consumers deep in their purchase journey.
 - "Supply partner" or "supplier" refers to a seller to our platform. As discussed under Part I, Item 2. Management's Discussion & Analysis

 Management Overview, our supply partners are primarily insurance carriers looking to maximize the value of non-converting or low

 LTV consumers, and insurance-focused research destinations or other financial websites looking to monetize high-intent consumers.

- "Private Marketplace" refers to one of our two business models. In Private Marketplace transactions, demand partners and suppliers contract with
 one another directly and leverage our platform to facilitate transparent, real-time transactions utilizing the reporting and analytical tools available
 to them from use of our platform. We charge a fee based on the Transaction Value of the Consumer Referrals sold through Private Marketplace
 transactions.
- "Proprietary" means, when used in reference to our properties, the websites and other digital properties that we own and operate. Our proprietary properties are a source of Consumer Referrals on our platform.
- "Reorganization Transactions" means the series of reorganization transactions completed on October 27, 2020 in connection with our IPO.
- "Secondary Offering" means the means the sale of 8,050,000 shares of Class A common stock pursuant to the registration statement on Form S-1 (File No. 333-254338), which was declared effective by the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 18, 2021.
- "Selling Class B-1 Unit Holders" means Insignia, the Senior Executives, and the Legacy Profits Interests Holders who sold a portion of their Class B-1 units to Intermediate Holdco in connection with the IPO.
- "Senior Executives" means the Founders and the other current and former officers of the Company listed in Exhibit A to the Exchange Agreement. This term also includes any estate planning vehicles or other holding companies through which such persons hold their units in QLH.
- "Transaction Value" means the total gross dollars transacted by our partners on our platform.
- "Vertical" means a market dedicated to a specific set of products or services sold to end consumers. Examples include property & casualty insurance, life insurance, health insurance, and travel.
- "White Mountains" means White Mountains Insurance Group, Ltd. and its affiliates.
- "Yield" means the return to our sellers on their inventory of Consumer Referrals sold on our platform.

Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Risk Factor Summary

We are including this Cautionary Statement to caution investors and qualify for the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the "Act") for forward-looking statements. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements reflect our current views with respect to, among other things, future events and our financial performance. These statements are often, but not always, made through the use of words or phrases such as "may," "should," "could," "predict," "potential," "believe," "will likely result," "expect," "continue," "will," "anticipate," "seek," "estimate," "intend," "plan," "projection," "would," and "outlook," or the negative version of those words or other comparable words or phrases of a future or forward-looking nature. These forward-looking statements are not historical facts, and are based on current expectations, estimates and projections about our industry, management's beliefs and certain assumptions made by management, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and beyond our control. Accordingly, we caution you that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and are subject to risks, assumptions and uncertainties that are difficult to predict. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable as of the date made, actual results may prove to be materially different from the results expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements.

There are or will be important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those indicated in these forward-looking statements, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Our ability to attract and retain supply partners and demand partners to our platform and to make available quality Consumer Referrals at attractive volumes and prices to drive transactions on our platform;
- Our reliance on a limited number of supply partners and demand partners, many of which have no long-term contractual commitments with us, and any potential termination of those relationships;
- Fluctuations in customer acquisition spending by property and casualty insurance carriers due to unexpected changes in underwriting profitability as the carriers go through cycles in their business;
- Existing and future laws and regulations affecting the property & casualty insurance, health insurance and life insurance verticals;
- Changes and developments in the regulation of the underlying industries in which our partners operate;
- Competition with other technology companies engaged in digital customer acquisition, as well as buyers that attract consumers through their own customer acquisition strategies, third-party online platforms or other traditional methods of distribution;

- Our ability to attract, integrate and retain qualified employees;
- Reductions in DTC digital spend by our buyers;
- Mergers and acquisitions could result in additional dilution and otherwise disrupt our operations and harm our operating results and financial condition;
- Our dependence on internet search companies to direct a significant portion of visitors to our suppliers' websites and our proprietary websites;
- The impact of broad-based pandemics or public health crises, such as COVID-19;
- The terms and restrictions of our existing and future indebtedness;
- Disruption to operations as a result of future acquisitions;
- Our failure to obtain, maintain, protect and enforce our intellectual property rights, proprietary systems, technology and brand;
- Our ability to develop new offerings and penetrate new vertical markets;
- Our ability to manage future growth effectively;
- Our reliance on data provided to us by our demand and supply partners and consumers;
- Natural disasters, public health crises, political crises, economic downturns, or other unexpected events;
- Significant estimates and assumptions in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements;
- Potential litigation and claims, including claims by regulatory agencies and intellectual property disputes;
- Our ability to collect our receivables from our partners;
- Fluctuations in our financial results caused by seasonality;
- The development of the DTC insurance distribution sector and evolving nature of our relatively new business model;
- Disruptions to or failures of our technological infrastructure and platform;
- Failure to manage and maintain relationships with third-party service providers;
- Cybersecurity breaches or other attacks involving our systems or those of our partners or third-party service providers;
- Our ability to protect consumer information and other data and risks of reputational harm due to an actual or perceived failure by us to protect such information and other data;
- Risks related to changes in tax laws or exposure to additional income or other tax liabilities could affect our future profitability;
- Risks related to being a public company;
- Risks related to internal control on financial reporting;
- Risks related to shares of our Class A common stock;
- Risks related to our intention to take advantage of certain exemptions as a "controlled company" under the rules of the NYSE, and the fact that the interests of our controlling stockholders (White Mountains, Insignia, and the Founders) may conflict with those of other investors;
- Risks related to our corporate structure; and
- The other risk factors described under Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in the 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

The foregoing factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read together with the other cautionary statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. If one or more events related to these or other risks or uncertainties materialize, or if our underlying assumptions prove to be incorrect, actual results may differ materially from what we anticipate. Many of the important factors that will determine these results are beyond our ability to control or predict. Accordingly, you should not place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements. Any forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made, and, except as otherwise required by law, we do not undertake any obligation to publicly update or review any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise. New factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for us to predict which will arise. In addition, we cannot assess the impact of each factor on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.

Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements.

MediaAlpha, Inc. and subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited; in thousands, except share data and per share amounts)

	March 31, 2023	December 31, 2022
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,529	\$ 14,542
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for credit losses of \$325 and \$575, respectively	43,126	59,998
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	4,603	5,880
Total current assets	67,258	80,420
Intangible assets, net	31,203	32,932
Goodwill	47,739	47,739
Other assets	7,240	8,990
Total assets	\$ 153,440	\$ 170,081
Liabilities and stockholders' deficit		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 46,313	\$ 53,992
Accrued expenses	10,074	14,130
Current portion of long-term debt	8,777	8,770
Total current liabilities	65,164	76,892
Long-term debt, net of current portion	172,100	174,300
Other long-term liabilities	4,882	4,973
Total liabilities	\$ 242,146	\$ 256,165
Commitments and contingencies (Note 6)		
Stockholders' (deficit):		
Class A common stock, \$0.01 par value - 1.0 billion shares authorized; 44.3 million and 43.7 million shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively	443	437
Class B common stock, \$0.01 par value - 100 million shares authorized; 18.9 million and 18.9 million shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively	189	189
Preferred stock, \$0.01 par value - 50 million shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022		_
Additional paid-in capital	478,499	465,523
Accumulated deficit	(492,408)	(482,142)
Total stockholders' (deficit) attributable to MediaAlpha, Inc.	\$ (13,277)	\$ (15,993)
Non-controlling interests	(75,429)	(70,091)
Total stockholders' (deficit)	\$ (88,706)	\$ (86,084)
Total liabilities and stockholders' deficit	\$ 153,440	\$ 170,081

MediaAlpha, Inc. and subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations

(Unaudited; in thousands, except share data and per share amounts)

Three months ended March 31, 2023 2022 142,599 Revenue \$ 111,630 \$ Costs and operating expenses 120,881 Cost of revenue 93,262 Sales and marketing 6,994 7,223 5,216 Product development 5,168 General and administrative 15,755 17,148 Total costs and operating expenses 121,179 150,468 (Loss) from operations (9,549)(7,869)Other expenses (income), net 1,381 (523)1,359 Interest expense 3,576 Total other expense, net 4,957 836 (Loss) before income taxes (14,506)(8,705)Income tax expense 78 1,143 Net (loss) (14,584) \$ (9,848) \$ Net (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest (4,318)(2,772)Net (loss) attributable to MediaAlpha, Inc. \$ (10,266) (7,076)Net (loss) per share of Class A common stock -Basic and diluted \$ (0.23) \$ (0.17)Weighted average shares of Class A common stock outstanding -Basic and diluted 40,847,941 43,870,005

MediaAlpha, Inc. and subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)

(Unaudited; in thousands, except share data)

		ss A on stock		ss B on stock	Additional Paid-In- Capital	Accumulated deficit	Non- Controlling Interest	Total Stockholders' (Deficit)
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Balance at December 31, 2022	43,650,634	\$ 437	18,895,493	\$ 189	\$ 465,523	\$ (482,142)	\$ (70,091)	\$ (86,084)
Exchange of non-controlling interest for Class A common stock	10,000	_	(10,000)	_	(39)	_	39	_
Vesting of restricted stock units	608,022	6	_	_	(6)	_	_	_
Equity-based compensation	_	_	_	_	14,259	_	45	14,304
Shares withheld on tax withholding on vesting of restricted stock units	_	_	_	_	(1,238)	_	_	(1,238)
Distributions to non-controlling interests	_	_	_	_	_	_	(1,104)	(1,104)
Net (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	(10,266)	(4,318)	(14,584)
Balance at March 31, 2023	44,268,656	\$ 443	18,885,493	\$ 189	\$ 478,499	\$ (492,408)	\$ (75,429)	\$ (88,706)

	Class A common stock		Class B common stock		Additional Paid-In- Capital	Accumulated deficit		
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Balance at December 31, 2021	40,969,952	\$ 410	19,621,915	\$ 196	\$ 419,533	\$ (424,476)	\$ (57,229)	\$ (61,566)
Establishment of liabilities under tax receivables agreement and related changes to deferred tax assets associated with increases in tax basis	_	_	_	_	19	_	_	19
Exchange of non-controlling interest for Class A common stock	60,197	_	(60,197)	_	(180)	_	180	_
Vesting of restricted stock units	593,810	6		_	(6)	_	_	_
Equity-based compensation	_	_	_	_	13,688	_	85	13,773
Forfeiture of equity awards	(23,294)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Shares withheld on tax withholding on vesting of restricted stock units	_	_	_	_	(820)	_	_	(820)
Distributions to non-controlling interests		_		_	_	_	(130)	(130)
Settlement of 2021 annual bonus as restricted stock units	_	_	_	_	880	_	_	880
Tax impact of changes in investment in partnership		_		_	43	_	_	43
Net (loss)	_	_	_	_	_	(7,076)	(2,772)	(9,848)
Balance at March 31, 2022	41,600,665	\$ 416	19,561,718	\$ 196	\$ 433,157	\$ (431,552)	\$ (59,866)	\$ (57,649)

MediaAlpha, Inc. and subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited; in thousands)

Three Months Ended March 31,

	Marc	en 31,	
	2023		2022
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net (loss)	\$ (14,584)	\$	(9,848)
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Non-cash equity-based compensation expense	14,341		13,773
Non-cash lease expense	167		177
Depreciation expense on property and equipment	96		98
Amortization of intangible assets	1,729		683
Amortization of deferred debt issuance costs	199		209
Impairment of cost method investment	1,406		_
Credit losses	(250)		(88)
Deferred taxes	_		1,110
Tax receivable agreement liability adjustments	6		(630)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	17,122		15,019
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,260		2,613
Other assets	125		47
Accounts payable	(7,679)		(10,261)
Accrued expenses	 (1,382)		(4,597)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 12,556	\$	8,305
Cash flows from investing activities	 		
Purchases of property and equipment	(30)		(40)
Net cash (used in) investing activities	\$ (30)	\$	(40)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Payments made for:			
Repayments on long-term debt	(2,375)		(2,375)
Distributions	(1,104)		(130)
Payments pursuant to tax receivable agreement	(2,822)		(216)
Shares withheld for taxes on vesting of restricted stock units	(1,238)		(820)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	\$ (7,539)	\$	(3,541)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	 4,987		4,724
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	14,542		50,564
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 19,529	\$	55,288
Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information	 		•
Cash paid during the period for:			
Interest	\$ 3,057	\$	2,834
Income taxes paid, net of refunds	\$ (233)	\$	(1,365)
Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:			
Adjustments to liabilities under the tax receivable agreement	\$ _	\$	(251)
Establishment of deferred tax assets in connection with the Reorganization Transactions	\$ _	\$	(270)

MediaAlpha, Inc. and subsidiaries Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

(Unaudited)

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The Company's significant accounting policies are included in the 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K and did not materially change during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Basis of presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements and related disclosures have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. In the opinion of management, all adjustments, consisting of only those of a normal recurring nature, considered necessary for a fair statement of the financial position and interim results of the Company as of and for the periods presented have been included.

The December 31, 2022 balance sheet data was derived from audited consolidated financial statements; however, the accompanying interim notes to the consolidated financial statements do not include all of the annual disclosures required by GAAP. Results for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of those that may be expected for a full year. The financial information included herein should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes in its 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable

Accounts payable

Accounts receivable are net of allowances for credit losses of \$0.3 million and \$0.6 million as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Concentrations of credit risk and of significant customers and suppliers

Financial instruments that potentially expose the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company maintains cash balances that can, at times, exceed amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Company has not experienced any losses in these accounts and believes it is not exposed to unusual risk beyond the normal credit risk in this area based on the financial strength of the institutions with which the Company maintains its deposits.

The Company's accounts receivable, which are unsecured, may expose it to credit risk based on their collectability. The Company controls credit risk by investigating the creditworthiness of all customers prior to establishing relationships with them, performing periodic reviews of the credit activities of those customers during the course of the business relationship, regularly analyzing the collectability of accounts receivable, and recording allowances for credit losses. The Company's supplier concentration can also expose it to business risks.

Three months ended

March 31, 2022

22

- %

40 %

Number of

-\$ 2\$

Three months ended

March 31, 2023

Customer and supplier concentrations consisted of the below:

Number of

1 \$

1 \$

	customers or suppliers exceeding 10%	Aggregate Value (in millions)	% of Total	suppliers exceeding 10%	Aggregate Value (in millions)	% of Total
Revenue	1 :	\$ 17	15 %	1	\$ 19	13 %
Purchases	1 :	\$ 10	10 %	1	\$ 14	11 %
		As of March 31, 2023		As of December 31, 2022		
	Number of customers or suppliers exceeding A	Aggregate Value (in millions)	% of Total	Number of customers or suppliers exceeding 10%	Aggregate Value (in millions)	% of Total

6

5

15 %

11 %

Related Party Transactions

The Company is party to the tax receivables agreement ("TRA") under which it is contractually committed to pay certain holders of Class B-1 units 85% of the amount of any tax benefits that the Company actually realizes, or in some cases are deemed to realize, as a result of certain transactions. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, payments of \$2.8 million were made pursuant to the TRA.

The Company paid \$0.1 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 to White Mountains related to settlement of federal and state income tax refunds for periods prior to the Reorganization Transactions. The Company recognized immaterial additional amounts reimbursable to White Mountains during the three months ended March 31, 2023. The total amount reimbursable to White Mountains was \$0.2 million as of March 31, 2023 and \$0.3 million as of December 31, 2022.

Liquidity

As of March 31, 2023, the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the 2021 Credit Facilities was \$183.1 million, with \$45.0 million remaining available for borrowing under the 2021 Revolving Credit Facility. As of March 31, 2023, the Company was in compliance with all of its financial covenants under such credit facilities. The Company's ability to continue to comply with its covenants will depend on, among other things, financial, business, market, competitive and other conditions, many of which are beyond the Company's control.

The Company's results are subject to fluctuations as a result of business cycles experienced by companies in the insurance industry. The Company believes that the property & casualty (P&C) insurance industry is currently in a cyclical downturn due to higher-than-expected carrier underwriting losses, which has led these carriers to reduce their customer acquisition spending in the Company's Marketplaces. In late March 2023, one of the Company's major insurance carrier partners significantly reduced its customer acquisition spend with the Company due to experiencing higher than expected loss ratios resulting from several underlying factors, including ongoing loss cost inflation and unfavorable prior year reserve developments, reducing the Company's expected near-term revenue and Adjusted EBITDA and its forecasted cushion with respect to compliance with the financial covenants under the 2021 Credit Facilities. The Company has taken steps to reduce its overhead expenses, including implementing workforce reductions in May 2023. The Company believes it has sufficient cash on hand, positive working capital, and availability to access additional cash under its 2021 Revolving Credit Facility to meet its business operating requirements, its capital expenditures and to continue to comply with its debt covenants for at least the next twelve months as of the filing date of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The extent to which these market conditions impact the Company's business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition will depend on future developments impacting its carrier partners, including inflation rates, the extent of any major catastrophic losses, and the timing of regulatory approval of premium rate increases, which remain highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with accuracy. The Company considered the impact of this uncertainty on the assumptions and estimates used when preparing these quarterly financial statements. These assumptions and estimates may continue to change as new events occur, and such changes could have an adverse impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position and liquidity.

In the event that the Company's financial results are below its expectations due to cyclical conditions in its primary vertical markets or other factors, the Company may not be able to remain in compliance with its financial covenants under the 2021 Credit Facilities, in which event the Company may need to take additional actions to reduce operating costs, including discretionary employee bonuses and other discretionary spending, renegotiate amendments to or obtain waivers of the terms of such credit facilities, refinance its debt, or raise additional capital. There can be no assurance that the Company would be able to raise additional capital or obtain any such amendments, refinancing or waivers on terms acceptable to the Company or at all. The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that may result from the outcome of these uncertainties.

New Accounting Pronouncements

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements

In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU No. 2021-08, *Business Combinations (Topic 805): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from contracts with customers.* The ASU requires contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination to be recognized and measured by the acquirer on the acquisition date in accordance with Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606, Revenue from Contracts with Customers, as if it had originated the contracts. Under the current business combinations guidance, such assets and liabilities were recognized by the acquirer at fair value on the acquisition date. The guidance in ASU is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning after December 15, 2022, with early adoption permitted and will be applied prospectively to business combinations occurring on or after the effective date of the amendment. The Company adopted the ASU on January 1, 2023 and the adoption did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Recently issued not yet adopted accounting pronouncements

In March 2020 and January 2021, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2020-4, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform on Financial Reporting and ASU 2021-1, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Scope, respectively. ASU 2020-4 and ASU 2021-1 provide optional expedients and exceptions for applying U.S. GAAP, to contracts, and other transactions that reference the London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") or another reference rate expected to be discontinued because of reference rate reform, if certain criteria are met. The guidance in ASU 2020-4 and ASU 2021-1 was effective upon issuance and, once adopted, may be applied prospectively to contract modifications and hedging relationships through December 31, 2022. In December 2022, the FASB issued ASU No. 2022-6, Deferral of the Sunset Date of Topic 848, which deferred the sunset date of Topic 848 from December 31, 2022 to December 31, 2024 to align with the amended cessation date of LIBOR which was delayed to June 30, 2023. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of ASU 2020-4, ASU 2021-1, and ASU 2022-06, but does not expect the adoption of this standard to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

2. Disaggregation of revenue

The following table shows the Company's revenue disaggregated by transaction model:

	Three months ended March 31,				
(in thousands)		2023		2022	
Revenue					
Open marketplace transactions	\$	107,659	\$	138,096	
Private marketplace transactions		3,971		4,503	
Total	\$	111,630	\$	142,599	

The following table shows the Company's revenue disaggregated by product vertical:

	March 31,					
(in thousands)		2023		2022		
Revenue						
Property & casualty insurance	\$	55,107	\$	87,454		
Health insurance		45,603		42,109		
Life insurance		7,091		7,067		
Other		3,829		5,969		
Total	\$	111,630	\$	142,599		

3. Business Combinations

On February 24, 2022, QuoteLab, LLC ("QL"), a wholly owned subsidiary of QLH, and CHT Buyer, LLC, a wholly owned subsidiary of QL ("Buyer"), entered into an Asset Purchase Agreement (as amended, the "Agreement") to acquire substantially all of the assets of Customer Helper Team, LLC ("Seller" or "CHT"). CHT is a provider of customer generation and acquisition services for Medicare insurance, automobile insurance, health insurance, life insurance, debt settlement, and credit repair companies. The Company acquired CHT to increase its customer generation capabilities on various social media and short form video platforms. The transaction was closed on April 1, 2022.

The Company accounted for the transaction as a business combination using the acquisition method of accounting as CHT contained inputs and processes that were capable of being operated as a business. The acquisition date fair value of the purchase consideration for the acquisition was \$56.7 million, and consisted of the following (in thousands):

	F	air Value
Cash consideration (net of working capital adjustments)	\$	49,677
Contingent consideration		7,007
Total purchase consideration	\$	56,684

The Agreement also provides that the Company shall pay contingent consideration which could range from zero to \$20.0 million, based upon CHT's achievement of certain revenue and gross margin targets for the two successive twelve-month periods following the closing, as set forth in the Agreement. The contingent consideration has been classified as a liability and the estimated fair value was determined using a Monte Carlo model based on the revenue and gross margin projected to be generated by CHT during the applicable periods. The contingent consideration is subject to remeasurement at each reporting date until paid, with any adjustment resulting from the remeasurement reported within general & administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations. The fair value measurements of the contingent consideration are based primarily on significant unobservable inputs and thus represent a Level 3 measurement in the valuation hierarchy as defined in ASC 820.

Transaction-related costs incurred by the Company were \$0.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, and were expensed as incurred and included in general and administrative expenses in the Company's consolidated statement of operations.

In accordance with the acquisition method of accounting, the purchase consideration was allocated to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their fair values on the date of the acquisition as follows (in thousands):

Accounts receivable	\$ 1,275
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	17
Intangible assets	26,120
Goodwill	29,337
Accounts payable	(18)
Accrued expenses	(47)
Net assets acquired	\$ 56,684

The Company considers the measurement period for such purchase price allocation to be one year from the date of acquisition. The fair value of working capital related items, including accounts receivable, prepaid expenses and other current assets, accounts payable, and accrued expenses, approximated their book values as of the closing date of the acquisition.

The excess of the purchase consideration over the fair value of the net assets acquired was recorded as goodwill. The resulting goodwill is attributable primarily to CHT's assembled workforce and the expanded market opportunities provided by the CHT business by increasing the Company's ability to generate Consumer Referrals on various social media and short form video platforms. The goodwill resulting from the acquisition is tax deductible. For tax purposes, contingent consideration does not become part of tax goodwill until paid. As such, the amount of goodwill deductible for tax purposes as of the closing date of the acquisition was \$22.7 million. The Company's estimate of the amount of tax deductible goodwill may change as the amounts of the payments of contingent consideration, if any, are finalized.

The following pro forma financial information summarizes the combined results of operations for the Company and CHT, as though the companies were combined as of the beginning of the Company's fiscal 2021. The unaudited pro forma financial information was as follows:

		hree months ended March 31,	
(in thousands)		2022	
Total revenues		\$ 148,869	
Pretax (loss)		\$ (7,208)	

The pro forma financial information presented above has been calculated after adjusting the results of CHT to reflect certain business combination and one-time accounting effects such as fair value adjustment of amortization expense from acquired intangible assets, interest expense on the amounts drawn under the 2021 Revolving Credit facility, and acquisition costs as though the acquisition occurred as of the beginning of the Company's fiscal 2021. The historical consolidated financial information has been adjusted in the pro forma combined financial results to give effect to pro forma events that are directly attributable to the business combination, reasonably estimable and factually supportable. The pro forma financial information does not include the impact of remeasurement adjustments to the contingent considerations and restricted stock units granted to employees of CHT on the date of acquisition for post combination services and are included within the periods they were incurred. The pro forma financial information is for informational purposes only and is not indicative of the results of operations that would have been achieved if the acquisition had taken place at the beginning of the Company's fiscal 2021

4. Goodwill and intangible assets

Goodwill and intangible assets consisted of:

							As of				
		March 31, 2023 December 31, 2022									
(in thousands)	Useful life (months)		Gross carrying amount		Accumulated amortization		et carrying amount	Gross carrying amount	Accumulated amortization		t carrying amount
Customer relationships	84 - 120	\$	43,500	\$	(19,352)	\$	24,148	\$ 43,500	\$ (17,820)	\$	25,680
Non-compete agreements	60		303		(303)		_	303	(303)		_
Trademarks, trade names, and domain names	60 - 120		8,884		(1,829)		7,055	8,884	(1,632)		7,252
Intangible assets		\$	52,687	\$	(21,484)	\$	31,203	\$ 52,687	\$ (19,755)	\$	32,932
Goodwill	Indefinite	\$	47,739	\$	_	\$	47,739	\$ 47,739	\$ _	\$	47,739

Amortization expense related to intangible assets amounted to \$1.7 million and \$0.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company assessed the indicators of goodwill impairment and determined a triggering event had occurred. In late March 2023, a major P&C insurance carrier significantly reduced its customer acquisition spending with the Company, resulting in a material decline in forecasted revenue and profitability for the year ending December 31, 2023. This decline in forecasts was identified as a triggering event. The Company operates in one reporting unit and therefore goodwill is tested at the entity level. The fair value of the entity, which was determined based on market capitalization as of March 31, 2023, significantly exceeded its carrying value, and so goodwill was determined not to be impaired. The Company has no accumulated impairment of goodwill.

In connection with identifying a triggering event for goodwill impairment, the Company also identified an indicator of impairment associated with its long-lived assets and finite lived intangible assets based on its qualitative assessment, which required the Company to complete an interim quantitative assessment. The Company performed an undiscounted cash flow test and determined that the fair value of the asset group significantly exceeded the carrying value as of March 31, 2023 and so its long-lived assets and finite lived intangibles assets were not impaired.

The following table presents the changes in goodwill and intangible assets:

	As of							
		March	31, 20)23	December 31, 2022			
(in thousands)		Goodwill		Intangible assets		Goodwill		Intangible assets
Beginning balance at January 1,	\$	47,739	\$	32,932	\$	18,402	\$	12,567
Additions to goodwill and intangible assets		_		_		29,337		26,120
Amortization		_		(1,729)		_		(5,755)
Ending balance	\$	47,739	\$	31,203	\$	47,739	\$	32,932

As of March 31, 2023, future amortization expense relating to identifiable intangible assets with estimable useful lives over the next five years was as follows:

(in thousands)	Amort	tization expense
2023–Remaining Period	\$	5,187
2024		6,428
2025		5,759
2026		5,143
2027		4,106
Thereafter		4,580
	\$	31,203

5. Long-term debt

On July 29, 2021, the Company entered into an amendment (the "First Amendment") to the 2020 Credit Agreement dated as of September 23, 2020, with the lenders that are party thereto and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., as administrative agent (as amended by the First Amendment, the "Amended Credit Agreement"). The Amended Credit Agreement provides for a new senior secured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$190.0 million (the "2021 Term Loan Facility"), the proceeds of which were used to refinance all \$186.4 million of the existing term loans outstanding and the unpaid interest thereof as of the date of the First Amendment, to pay fees related to these transactions, and to provide cash for general corporate purposes, and a new senior secured revolving credit facility with commitments in an aggregate amount of \$50.0 million (the "2021 Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the 2021 Term Loan Facility, the "2021 Credit Facilities"), which replaced the existing revolving credit facility under the 2020 Credit Agreement.

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

As of			
 March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
\$ 178,125	\$	180,500	
5,000		5,000	
(2,248)		(2,430)	
\$ 180,877	\$	183,070	
(8,777)		(8,770)	
\$ 172,100	\$	174,300	
\$ \$ \$	March 31, 2023 \$ 178,125 5,000 (2,248) \$ 180,877 (8,777)	March 31, 2023 \$ 178,125 \$ 5,000 (2,248) \$ 180,877 \$ (8,777)	

Loans under the 2021 Credit Facilities will mature on July 29, 2026. Loans under the 2021 Term Loan Facility amortize quarterly, beginning on the first business day after December 31, 2021 and ending with June 30, 2026, by an amount equal to 1.25% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the term loans initially made and will mature on July 29, 2026. Accordingly, the amount of mandatory quarterly principal payable amount under the 2021 Term Loan within the next twelve months has been classified within the current portion of long-term debt and the remaining balance as long-term debt, net of current portion on the consolidated balance sheets. The 2021 Revolving Credit Facility does not amortize and will mature on July 29, 2026 and has been classified as non-current within long-term debt, net of current portion on the consolidated balance sheet.

The Company incurred interest expense on the 2021 Term Loan Facility of \$3.4 million and \$1.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company incurred interest expense on the 2021 Revolving Credit Facility of \$0.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023. Interest expense included amortization of debt issuance costs on the 2021 Credit Facility of \$0.2 million and \$0.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Accrued interest was \$3.4 million as of March 31, 2023 and \$3.0 million as of December 31, 2022, and is included within accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheets.

The expected future principal payments for all borrowings as of March 31, 2023 was as follows:

(in thousands)	Contract	ual maturity
2023–Remaining Period	\$	7,125
2024		9,500
2025		9,500
2026		157,000
Debt and issuance costs		183,125
Unamortized debt issuance costs		(2,248)
Total debt	\$	180,877

6. Commitments and contingencies

Litigation and other matters

The Company is subject to certain legal proceedings and claims that arise in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the Company does not believe that the amount of liability, if any, as a result of these proceedings and claims will have a materially adverse effect on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company did not have any contingency reserves established for any litigation liabilities.

On February 21, 2023, the Company received a civil investigative demand from the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) regarding compliance with the FTC Act and the Telemarketing Sales Rule, as they relate to the advertising, marketing, promotion, offering for sale, or sale of healthcare-related products, the collection, sale, transfer or provision to third parties of consumer data, telemarketing practices, and/or consumer privacy or data security. The Company is cooperating fully with the FTC. During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company incurred legal fees of \$0.3 million in connection with the demand, which are included within general and administrative expenses on the consolidated statement of operations. At this time, the Company is unable to predict the ultimate outcome of this matter or the significance, if any, to the Company's business, results of operations or financial condition.

7. Equity-based compensation

The Company's equity-based compensation plans are fully described in Part II, Item 8 "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data—Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements—Equity-based compensation plans" in the 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Equity-based compensation cost recognized for equity based awards outstanding during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

		onths ended rch 31,
(in thousands)	2023	2022
QLH restricted Class B-1 units	45	85
Restricted Class A shares	202	348
Restricted stock units	14,057	13,340
Performance-based restricted stock units	37	_
Total equity-based compensation	\$ 14,341	\$ 13,773

Equity-based compensation cost was allocated to the following expense categories in the consolidated statements of operations during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	T	Three months ended March 31,				
(in thousands)	2023			2022		
Cost of revenue	\$	966	\$	398		
Sales and marketing	:	2,381		2,705		
Product development	:	2,172		2,249		
General and administrative		3,822		8,421		
Total equity-based compensation	\$ 14	4,341	\$	13,773		

As of March 31, 2023, total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested QLH restricted Class B-1 units, restricted Class A shares, restricted stock units, and PRSUs was \$0.1 million, \$0.7 million, \$93.5 million, and \$0.8 million, respectively, which are expected to be recognized over weighted-average periods of 0.91 years, 1.08 years, 2.57 years, and 0.96 years, respectively.

8. Fair Value Measurements

The following are the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Contingent consideration

Contingent consideration is measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs and thus represent a Level 3 measurement in the valuation hierarchy. The following table summarizes the changes in the contingent consideration:

		Three months ended March 31,						
(in thousands)	20	23	2022					
Beginning fair value	\$	<u> </u>	_					
Additions in the period		_	_					
Change in fair value								
(Gain) included in General and administrative expenses		_	_					
Ending fair value	\$	<u> </u>	_					
Change in unrealized (gain) related to instrument still held at end of period	\$	<u> </u>	_					

Contingent consideration relates to the estimated amount of additional cash consideration to be paid in connection with the Company's acquisition of CHT. CHT was unable to meet its target for the first twelve-month period and the Company did not pay any consideration related to that period. As of March 31, 2023 the range of the undiscounted amounts the Company could pay under the agreement could be from zero to \$15.0 million. The fair value of the contingent consideration was remeasured as of March 31, 2023, and was determined to be zero based on CHT's projected revenue and gross margin for the applicable periods, and the resulting projected achievement levels of the financial targets. The fair value is dependent on the probability of achieving certain revenue and gross profit margin targets for the two successive twelve-month periods following the closing of the acquisition. The Company used the Monte Carlo simulation approach to estimate the fair value of the revenue and gross margin targets, using risk-adjusted discount rates and volatility of 5.0% and 2.5%, respectively, for the revenue target

and 19.0% and 70.0%, respectively, for the gross profit target. A change in any of these unobservable inputs can significantly change the fair value of the contingent consideration.

The following are the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis:

Long-Term Debt

As of March 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the 2021 Term Loan Facility and the 2021 Revolving Credit Facility approximates their respective fair values. The Company used a discounted cash flow analysis to estimate the fair value of the long-term debt, using an adjusted discount rate of 6.40% and the estimated payments under the 2021 Term Loan Facility until maturity, including interest payable based on the Company's forecasted total net leverage ratio.

Cost method investment

The Company has elected the measurement alternative for its investment in equity securities without readily determinable fair values and reviews such investment on a quarterly basis to determine if it has been impaired. If the Company's assessment indicates that an impairment exists, the Company estimates the fair value of the equity investment and recognizes in its consolidated statement of operations an impairment loss that is equal to the difference between the fair value of the equity investment and its carrying amount. As of March 31, 2023, the Company determined an impairment indicator exists as the investee had a default in interest payment on its long-term debt in addition to continued deterioration in the earnings performance and negative cash flows from operations. The Company determined that the fair value of the investment as of March 31, 2023 was zero and recognized an impairment loss of \$1.4 million within other expenses (income), net in the consolidated statements of operations. The accumulated impairment of this cost method investment as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, was \$10.0 million and \$8.6 million, respectively. The carrying value of the Company's cost method investment, which is included in other assets in the consolidated balance sheets, was zero and \$1.4 million as of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

The Company used a market approach to estimate the fair value of equity and allocated the overall equity value to estimate the fair value of the common stock based on the liquidation preference and is classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. A change in any of the unobservable inputs can significantly change the fair value of the investment.

The table below displays the significant unobservable inputs used to develop our Level 3 fair value measurements:

	Valuation Technique	Unobservable Input	Rate
Contingent consideration	Monte Carlo	Risk-adjusted discount rate	5.0% - 19.0%
		Volatility	2.5% - 70.0%

9. Income taxes

MediaAlpha, Inc. is taxed as a corporation and pays corporate federal, state and local taxes on income allocated to it from QLH based upon MediaAlpha, Inc.'s economic interest held in QLH. QLH is treated as a pass-through partnership for income tax reporting purposes and is not subject to federal income tax. Instead, QLH's taxable income or loss is passed through to its members, including MediaAlpha, Inc. Accordingly, the Company is not liable for income taxes on the portion of QLH's earnings not allocated to it. MediaAlpha, Inc. files and pays corporate income taxes for U.S. federal and state income tax purposes and its corporate subsidiary, Skytiger Studio, Ltd., is subject to taxation in Taiwan. The Company expects this structure to remain in existence for the foreseeable future.

The Company estimates the annual effective tax rate for the full year to be applied to actual year-to-date income (loss) and adds the tax effects of any discrete items in the reporting period in which they occur. The Company's effective income tax rate was (0.5)% for the three months ended March 31, 2023. The Company's effective income tax rate was (13.1)% for the three months ended March 31, 2022.

The following table summarizes the Company's income tax expense:

	March 31,								
(in thousands, except percentages)	2023		2022						
(Loss) before income taxes	\$ (14,506)	\$	(8,705)						
Income tax expense	\$ 78	\$	1,143						
Effective Tax Rate	(0.5)%)	(13.1)%						

The Company's effective tax rate of (0.5)% for the three months ended March 31, 2023 differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21%, due primarily to the tax impacts of recording a valuation allowance against current year losses, nondeductible equity-based compensation, losses associated with non-controlling interests not taxable to the Company, state taxes, and other nondeductible permanent items.

There were no material changes to the Company's unrecognized tax benefits during the three months ended March 31, 2023. Subsequent to March 31, 2023, the Company received notification from the Internal Revenue Service that QLH's tax return for FY 2020 has been selected for audit. The Company does not expect to have any significant changes to unrecognized tax benefits through the end of the fiscal year.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, holders of Class B-1 units exchanged 10,000 Class B-1 units, together with an equal number of shares of Class B common stock, for shares of Class A common stock on a one-for-one basis ("Exchanges"). In connection with the Exchanges, the Company did not establish any additional liabilities related to the TRA, which are presented within additional-paid-in-capital in its consolidated statements of stockholders' equity (deficit). In connection with the Exchanges and the changes to the carrying value of the non-controlling interest, the Company also recognizes deferred tax assets associated with the basis difference in its investment in QLH through additional-paid-in-capital, but during the three months ended March 31, 2023, the Company did not recognize any additional deferred tax assets as the Company recognized a full valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets.

As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company had a valuation allowance of \$90.3 million and \$91.8 million, respectively, against its deferred tax assets based on the recent history of pre-tax losses, which is considered a significant piece of objective negative evidence that is difficult to overcome and limits the ability to consider other subjective evidence, such as projections of future growth. It is possible in the foreseeable future that there may be sufficient positive evidence, and/or that the objective negative evidence in the form of history of pre-tax losses will no longer be present, in which event the Company could release a portion or all of the valuation allowance. Release of any amount of valuation allowance would result in a benefit to income tax expense for the period the release is recorded, which could have a material impact on net earnings.

Tax Receivables Agreement

In connection with the Reorganization Transactions and the IPO, the Company entered into the TRA with Insignia, Senior Executives, and White Mountains. The Company expects to obtain an increase in its share of the tax basis in the net assets of QLH as Class B-1 units, together with shares of Class B common stock, are exchanged for shares of Class A common stock (or, at the Company's election, redeemed for cash of an equivalent value). The Company intends to treat any redemptions and exchanges of Class B-1 units as direct purchases for U.S. federal income tax purposes. These increases in tax basis may reduce the amounts that it would otherwise pay in the future to various tax authorities.

The TRA provides for the payment by MediaAlpha, Inc. to Insignia and the Senior Executives of 85% of the amount of any tax benefits the Company actually realizes, or in some cases is deemed to realize, as a result of (i) increases in the Company's share of the tax basis in the net assets of QLH resulting from any redemptions or exchanges of Class B-1 units, (ii) tax basis increases attributable to payments made under the TRA, and (iii) deductions attributable to imputed interest pursuant to the TRA. The TRA will also require us to pay White Mountains 85% of the amount of the cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax that the Company realizes (or is deemed to realize) as a result of the utilization of the net operating losses of Intermediate Holdco attributable to periods prior to the IPO and the deduction of any imputed interest attributable to the payment obligations under the TRA. The Company expects to benefit from the remaining 15% of any cash savings that it realizes. The amounts payable under the TRA will vary depending upon a number of factors, including the amount, character, and timing of the taxable income of MediaAlpha, Inc. in the future.

As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company determined that making a payment under the TRA was not probable under ASC 450 — Contingencies since a valuation allowance has been recorded against the Company's deferred

tax assets and the Company does not believe it will generate sufficient future taxable income to utilize related tax benefits and result in a payment under the TRA. As a result, the Company remeasured the liabilities due under the TRA to zero in the consolidated balance sheets. If the Company had determined that making a payment under the TRA and generating sufficient future taxable income was probable, it would have also recorded a liability pursuant to the TRA of approximately \$87 million in the consolidated balance sheet.

As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company recorded zero and \$2.8 million, respectively, as current portion of payments due under the TRA within accrued expenses in the consolidated balance sheets. Payments of \$2.8 million and \$0.2 million were made pursuant to the TRA during the three months ended March 31, 2023 and March 31, 2022, respectively.

10. Earnings (Loss) Per Share

		nded		
sands except share data and per share amount)		2023		2022
Basic				
Net (loss)	\$	(14,584)	\$	(9,848)
Less: net (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest		(4,318)		(2,772)
Net (loss) available for basic common shares	\$	(10,266)	\$	(7,076)
Weighted-average shares of Class A common stock outstanding - basic and diluted		43,870,005		40,847,941
(Loss) per share of Class A common stock - basic and diluted	\$	(0.23)	\$	(0.17)

Effect of the Company's potentially dilutive securities were not included in the calculation of diluted loss per share as the effect would be antidilutive. The following table summarizes the shares and units with a potentially dilutive impact:

	As	of
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
QLH Class B-1 Units	18,921,446	19,597,671
Restricted Class A Shares	109,328	416,725
Restricted stock units	6,354,505	6,659,182
Potential dilutive shares	25,385,279	26,673,578

The outstanding PRSUs were not included in the potentially dilutive securities as of March 31, 2023 as the performance conditions have not been met.

11. Non-Controlling Interest

Pursuant to QLH's limited liability company agreement, QLH has two classes of equity securities, Class A-1 units, which have all voting rights in QLH, and Class B-1 units, which have no voting or control rights. The Company allocates a share of net income (loss) to the holders of non-controlling interests pro-rata to their ownership interest in QLH at a point in time. The non-controlling interests balance represents the Class B-1 units, substantially all of which are held by Insignia and the Senior Executives.

During the three months ended March 31, 2023, the holders of the non-controlling interests exchanged 10,000 Class B-1 units, together with an equal number of shares of Class B common stock, for shares of Class A common stock on a one-for-one basis. As of March 31, 2023, the holders of the non-controlling interests owned 29.9% of the total equity interests in QLH, with the remaining 70.1% owned by MediaAlpha, Inc. As of December 31, 2022, the holders of the non-controlling interests owned 30.2% of the total equity interests in QLH, with the remaining 69.8% owned by MediaAlpha, Inc.

12. Subsequent Events

On May 1, 2023, MediaAlpha committed to a plan to reduce its workforce (the "Plan") by 25 employees, or 16%, to reduce its cost structure in response to a significant pull back in marketing investment by one of the Company's major insurance carrier partners. The Company expects such actions to be substantially completed in May 2023. The Company expects to incur charges associated with the Plan during the quarter ending June 30, 2023 of approximately \$1.6 million, consisting primarily of one-time termination benefits provided to the terminated employees. The Company may also incur additional costs not currently contemplated due to events that may occur as a result of, or that are associated with the reduction.

Item 2. Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read together with our unaudited consolidated financial statements and related notes included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

This discussion, particularly information with respect to our future results of operations or financial condition, business strategy and plans, and objectives of management for future operations, includes forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties as described under the heading "Cautionary Statement Regarding Forward-Looking Statements" in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. You should review the disclosure under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for a discussion of important factors that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements.

Management overview

Our mission is to help insurance carriers and distributors target and acquire customers more efficiently and at greater scale through technology and data science. Our technology platform brings together leading insurance carriers and high-intent consumers through a real-time, programmatic, transparent, and results-driven ecosystem. We believe we are the largest online customer acquisition platform in our core verticals of property & casualty ("P&C") insurance, health insurance, and life insurance, supporting \$663 million in Transaction Value across our platform from these verticals over the twelvementh period ended March 31, 2023.

We have multi-faceted relationships with top-tier insurance carriers and distributors. A buyer or a demand partner within our ecosystem is generally an insurance carrier or distributor seeking to reach high-intent insurance consumers. A seller or a supply partner is typically an insurance carrier looking to maximize the value of non-converting or low expected LTV consumers, or an insurance-focused research destination or other financial website looking to monetize high-intent users on their websites. For the twelve-month period ended March 31, 2023, the websites of our diversified group of supply partners and our proprietary websites drove an average of 7.6 million Consumer Referrals on our platform each month.

We generate revenue by earning a fee for each Consumer Referral sold on our platform. A transaction becomes payable upon a qualifying consumer action, such as a click, call or lead, and is generally not contingent on the sale of a product to the consumer.

We believe in the disruptive power of transparency. Traditionally, insurance customer acquisition platforms operated in a black box. We recognized that a consumer may be valued differently by one insurer versus another; therefore, insurers should be able to determine pricing granularly based on the value that a particular customer segment is expected to bring to their business. As a result, we developed a technology platform that powers an ecosystem where buyers and sellers can transact with full transparency, control, and confidence, aligning the interests of the parties participating on our platform.

We believe our technology is a key differentiator and a powerful driver of our performance. We maintain deep, custom integrations with partners representing the majority of our Transaction Value, which enable automated, data-driven processes that optimize our partners' customer acquisition spend and revenue. Through our platform, our insurance carrier partners can target and price across over 35 separate consumer attributes to manage customized acquisition strategies.

Key factors affecting our business

Revenue

We believe that our future performance will depend on many factors, including those described below and in Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Secular trends in the insurance industry

Our technology platform was created to serve and grow with our core insurance end markets. We believe secular trends in the insurance industry are critical drivers of our revenue and will continue to provide strong tailwinds for our business over the long term. Customer acquisition spending by insurance carriers is growing over time, and as more consumers shop for insurance online, direct-to-consumer marketing, which fuels our revenue, has become the fastest growing insurance distribution channel. As mass-market customer acquisition becomes more costly, insurance carriers and distributors are increasingly focusing on optimizing customer acquisition spend, which is at the core of the service we deliver on our platform. As long as these secular trends persist, we expect digital insurance customer acquisition spending to continue to grow over time, and we believe we are well-positioned to benefit from this growth.

Transaction Value

Transaction Value from Open Marketplace transactions is a direct driver of our revenue, while Transaction Value from Private Marketplace transactions is an indirect driver of our revenue (see "Key business and operating metrics" below). Transaction Value on our platform declined to \$193.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 from \$239.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022, due primarily to a decrease in customer acquisition spending by P&C insurance carriers in response to significant reductions in their underwriting profitability. We have developed multifaceted, deeply integrated partnerships with insurance carriers and distributors, who may be both buyers and sellers on our platform. We believe the versatility and breadth of our offerings, coupled with our focus on high-quality products, provide significant value to insurance carriers and distributors, leading many of them to use our platform as their central hub for broadly managing digital customer acquisition and monetization, resulting in strong retention rates. For the three months ended March 31, 2023, 97% of total Transaction Value executed on our platform came from demand partner relationships in existence during 2022.

Our demand and supply partners

We retain and attract demand partners by finding high-quality sources of Consumer Referrals to make available to our demand partners. We obtain these Consumer Referrals from our diverse network of supply partners as well as from our proprietary properties. We seek to develop, acquire and retain relationships with high-quality supply partners by developing flexible platforms to enable our supply partners to maximize their revenue, manage their demand side relationships in scalable and flexible ways and focus on long-term sustainable economics with respect to revenue share. Our relationships with our partners are deep and long standing and involve most of the top-tier insurance carriers in the industry. In terms of buyers, during the three months ended March 31, 2023, 15 of the top 20 largest auto insurance carriers by customer acquisition spend were on our platform.

Consumer Referrals

Our results depend in large part on the number of Consumer Referrals purchased on our platform. The aggregate number of consumer clicks, calls and leads purchased by insurance buyers on our platform increased to 24.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023 from 24.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. We seek to increase the number and scale of our supply relationships and drive consumers to our proprietary properties through a variety of paid traffic acquisition sources. We are investing in diversifying our paid media sources to extend beyond search engine marketing, which has historically represented the bulk of our paid media spend, into other online media sources, including native, social, and display advertising.

Seasonality

Our results are subject to fluctuations as a result of seasonality. In particular, our P&C insurance vertical is typically characterized by seasonal strength in our quarters ending March 31 due to a greater supply of Consumer Referrals and higher customer acquisition budgets during the start of the year, and to seasonal weakness in our quarters ending December 31 due to a lower supply of Consumer Referrals available on a cost-effective basis and lower customer acquisition budgets from some buyers during those quarters. Our health insurance vertical is typically characterized by seasonal strength in our quarters ending December 31 due to open enrollment periods for health insurance and annual enrollment for Medicare during those quarters, with a material increase in consumer search volume for health products and a related increase in buyer customer acquisition budgets.

Other factors affecting our partners' businesses include macro factors such as credit availability in the market, the strength of the economy and employment levels.

Cyclicality

Our results are also subject to fluctuations as a result of business cycles experienced by companies in the insurance industry. These cycles in the auto insurance industry are characterized by periods of "soft" market conditions, when carriers are profitable and are focused on increasing capacity and building market share, and "hard" market conditions, when carriers are experiencing lower or even negative underwriting profits and are seeking to increase their premium rates to improve their profitability. As our demand partners in these industries go through these market cycles, they often increase their customer acquisition spending during soft markets and reduce it during hard markets, causing their relative demand for Consumer Referrals from our platform to increase and decrease accordingly. We believe that the auto insurance industry is currently in a "hard" market due to underwriting losses driven by higher than expected claims cost inflation, and that many P&C insurance carriers are reducing their customer acquisition spending until they can obtain regulatory approval to increase their premium rates, the timing of which is difficult to predict.

Regulations

Our revenue and earnings may fluctuate from time to time as a result of federal, state, international and industry-based laws, directives and regulations and developing standards with respect to the enforcement of those regulations. Our business is affected directly because we operate websites, conduct telemarketing and email marketing and collect, process, store, share, disclose, transfer and use consumer information and other data. Our business is affected indirectly as our clients adjust their operations as a result of regulatory changes and enforcement activity within their industries. For example, the California Consumer Privacy Act ("CCPA"), became effective on January 1, 2020 and has been amended by the California Privacy Rights Act ("CPRA"), which became effective January 1, 2023, and a number of other states, including Colorado, Connecticut, Iowa, Utah, Virginia, and Washington, have enacted or are considering similar laws, all of which may affect our business. While it is unclear how this new legislation may be modified or how certain provisions will be interpreted, the effects of this legislation are potentially significant, and may require us to modify our data processing practices and policies and incur substantial compliance-related costs and expenses. In addition, we are licensed as a health insurance broker in all 50 states and the District of Columbia, making us subject to certain insurance laws and regulations. Our Medicare business is also subject to Federal rules governing the marketing of such policies. For a description of laws and regulations to which we are generally subject, see Item 1 "Business" and Item 1A "Risk Factors." in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In addition, we are impacted by the regulation of the insurance carriers with whom we do business. In most states, insurance carriers are required to obtain approval of their premium rates from the regulatory authority in such states. The timing of such approval process, as well as the willingness of insurance regulators to approve rate increases, can impact the profitability of new policies and the level of customer acquisition spending by carriers in a given period, which in turn can cause fluctuations in our revenue and earnings.

Risk and uncertainties

Since its onset, our operating results have not been materially impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Although the COVID-19 pandemic has changed the physical working environment of the substantial majority of our workforce to working primarily from home, it has otherwise caused only minor disruptions to our business operations.

However, supply chain disruptions and cost increases caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, global inflationary pressures, and geopolitical conditions have contributed to higher-than-expected P&C insurance claims costs, which has led many carriers to continue to reduce their customer acquisition spending until they can obtain regulatory approval to increase their premium rates. These reductions have significantly impacted, and continue to impact, revenue from our P&C insurance vertical, the duration and extent of which are difficult to estimate beyond the second quarter of 2023.

In addition, the COVID-19 pandemic has caused reductions in consumer spending on airfare, hotels, rentals and other travel products, which resulted in a dramatic decline in revenue from our Travel vertical, which we expect to continue for the foreseeable future. For the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, revenue from the Travel vertical comprised approximately 2.8% and 2.7%, respectively, of our total revenue, compared with pre-COVID 19 revenue from the Travel vertical of approximately 11.1% of our total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2019. While we have sought to maintain our commercial relationships in the Travel vertical and remain positioned to capitalize on transactions in the Travel vertical when travel activity resumes, we do not expect that revenue from the Travel vertical will match our historical results or have any material impact on our overall revenue or profitability for the foreseeable future.

Recent developments

While one of our major insurance carrier partners had resumed their customer acquisition spending with us in the first quarter of 2023, in late March 2023, they significantly reduced their customer acquisition spend with us due to experiencing higher than expected loss ratios resulting from several underlying factors, including ongoing loss cost inflation and unfavorable prior year reserve developments. These reductions have reduced our expected near-term revenue and Adjusted EBITDA. Accordingly, we have taken steps to reduce our overhead expenses, including implementing workforce reductions. On May 1, 2023, we committed to a plan to reduce our workforce (the "Plan") by 25 employees, or 16%, to align our operating costs with our near-term business outlook while continuing to support our long-term business strategy. We expect such actions to be substantially completed in May 2023.

We expect to incur charges associated with the Plan during the quarter ending June 30, 2023 of approximately \$1.6 million, consisting primarily of one-time termination benefits provided to the terminated employees, of which approximately \$1.3 million are cash expenditures. The estimated costs that we expect to incur in connection with the Plan are subject to assumptions, and actual results may differ significantly from these estimates. We may also incur additional costs not currently contemplated due to events that may occur as a result of, or that are associated with, the reduction.

Key components of our results of operations

Revenue

We operate primarily in the P&C insurance, health insurance and life insurance verticals and generate revenue through the purchase and sale of Consumer Referrals.

The price and amount of Consumer Referrals purchased and sold on our platform vary based on a number of market conditions and consumer attributes, including (i) geographic location of consumers, (ii) demographic attributes of consumers, (iii) the source of Consumer Referrals and quality of conversion by source, (iv) buyer bid levels and (v) buyer demand and budgets.

In our Open Marketplace transactions, we have control over the Consumer Referrals that are sold to our demand partners. In these arrangements, we have separate agreements with suppliers and demand partners. Suppliers are not a party to the contractual arrangements with our demand partners, nor are the suppliers the beneficiaries of our demand partner agreements. We generate revenue from the sale of consumer referrals from our demand partners and separately pay (i) a revenue share to suppliers or (ii) a fee to internet search companies to drive consumers to our proprietary websites. We are the principal in Open Marketplace transactions. As a result, the fees paid by demand partners for Consumer Referrals are recognized as revenue and the fees paid to suppliers are included in cost of revenue.

With respect to our Private Marketplace transactions, buyers and suppliers contract with one another directly and leverage our platform to facilitate transparent, real-time transactions utilizing the reporting and analytical tools available to them from use of our platform. We charge the supplier a platform fee on the Consumer Referrals transacted. We act as an agent in Private Marketplace transactions and recognize revenue for the platform fee received, which is a negotiated percentage of the Transaction Value of such transactions. There are no payments made by us to suppliers in our Private Marketplace.

Costs and operating expenses

Costs and operating expenses consist primarily of cost of revenue, sales and marketing expenses, product expenses and general and administrative expenses.

Cost of revenue

Our cost of revenue is comprised primarily of revenue share payments to suppliers and traffic acquisition costs paid to search engines and social media platforms, as well as telephony infrastructure costs, internet and hosting costs, and merchant fees, and includes salaries, wages, non-cash equity-based compensation, the cost of health and other employee benefits, and other expenses including allocated portion of rent and facilities expenses.

Sales and marketing

Sales and marketing expenses consist primarily of an allocation of personnel expenses for employees engaged in demand side and supply side business development and marketing, and include salaries, wages, non-cash equity-based compensation, and the cost of health and other employee benefits. Sales and marketing expenses also include costs related to attracting partners to our platform, including marketing and promotions, tradeshows and related travel and entertainment expenses. Sales and marketing expenses also include an allocated portion of rent and facilities expenses and depreciation and amortization expense.

Product development

Product development expenses consist primarily of an allocation of personnel expenses for employees engaged in technology, engineering and product development and include salaries, wages, non-cash equity-based compensation, and the cost of health and other employee benefits. Product development expenses also include an allocated portion of rent and facilities expenses and depreciation and amortization expense.

General and administrative

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of an allocation of personnel expenses for executive, finance, legal, people operations, and business analytics employees, and include salaries, wages, non-cash equity-based compensation, and the cost of health and other employee benefits. General and administrative expenses also include professional services, an

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allocated portion of rent and facilities expenses and depreciation and amortization expense, and any change in fair value of contingent consideration.

Other expenses (income), net

Other expenses (income), net consists primarily of expenses and income not incurred by us in our ordinary course of business and that are not included in any of the captions above. Other expenses (income), net for the three months ended March 31, 2023 consisted primarily of an impairment charge related to our cost method investment.

Interest expense

Interest expense consists primarily of interest expense associated with outstanding borrowings under our 2021 Credit Facilities and the amortization of deferred financing costs associated with these arrangements.

Income tax expense (benefit)

MediaAlpha, Inc. is taxed as a corporation and pays corporate federal, state and local taxes on income allocated to it from QLH based upon MediaAlpha, Inc.'s economic interest held in QLH. QLH is treated as a pass-through partnership for income tax reporting purposes and is not subject to federal income tax. Instead, QLH's taxable income or loss is passed through to its members, including MediaAlpha, Inc, pro-rata to their ownership interest in QLH. Accordingly, as our ownership interest in QLH increases, our share of the taxable income (loss) of QLH also increases. As of March 31, 2023, our ownership interest in QLH was 70.1%.

Net income (loss) attributable to Non-controlling interest

Net income (loss) is attributed to non-controlling interests in accordance with QLH's limited liability company agreement. We allocate a share of the pre-tax income (loss) of the QLH incurred subsequent to the Reorganization Transactions to the non-controlling interest holders pro-rata to their ownership interest in QLH. The non-controlling interests balance represents the Class B-1 units, substantially all of which are held by Insignia and the Senior Executives.

Operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022

The following table sets forth our operating results in absolute dollars and as a percentage of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Three months ended March 31,									
(in thousands)		2023	3		2022					
Revenue	\$	111,630	100.0 %	\$	142,599	100.0 %				
Costs and operating expenses										
Cost of revenue		93,262	83.5 %		120,881	84.8 %				
Sales and marketing		6,994	6.3 %		7,223	5.1 %				
Product development		5,168	4.6 %		5,216	3.7 %				
General and administrative		15,755	14.1 %		17,148	12.0 %				
Total costs and operating expenses		121,179	108.6 %		150,468	105.5 %				
(Loss) from operations		(9,549)	(8.6)%		(7,869)	(5.5)%				
Other expenses (income), net		1,381	1.2 %		(523)	(0.4)%				
Interest expense		3,576	3.2 %		1,359	1.0 %				
Total other expense, net		4,957	4.4 %		836	0.6 %				
(Loss) before income taxes		(14,506)	(13.0)%		(8,705)	(6.1)%				
Income tax expense		78	0.1 %		1,143	0.8 %				
Net (loss)	\$	(14,584)	(13.1)%	\$	(9,848)	(6.9)%				
Net (loss) attributable to non-controlling interest		(4,318)	(3.9)%		(2,772)	(1.9)%				
Net (loss) attributable to MediaAlpha, Inc.	\$	(10,266)	(9.2)%	\$	(7,076)	(5.0)%				
Net (loss) per share of Class A common stock										
-Basic and diluted	\$	(0.23)		\$	(0.17)					
Weighted average shares of Class A common stock outstanding										
-Basic and diluted		43,870,005			40,847,941					

Revenue

The following table presents our revenue, disaggregated by vertical, for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023		\$		%		hree Months Ended March 31, 2022
Property & Casualty insurance	\$	55,107	\$	(32,347)	(37.0)%	\$	87,454
Percentage of total revenue		49.4 %					61.3 %
Health insurance		45,603		3,494	8.3 %	\$	42,109
Percentage of total revenue		40.9 %					29.5 %
Life insurance		7,091		24	0.3 %	\$	7,067
Percentage of total revenue		6.4 %					5.0 %
Other		3,829		(2,140)	(35.9)%	\$	5,969
Percentage of total revenue		3.4 %					4.2 %
Revenue	\$	111,630		(30,969)	(21.7)%	\$	142,599

The decrease in P&C insurance revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was due to a decrease in customer acquisition spending by certain insurance carriers to address profitability concerns caused by higher-than-expected automobile repair and replacement costs and overall inflationary pressures. Additionally, in the first quarter of 2023 there was a greater mix of transactions through our Private Marketplace, which impacts revenue due to the lower platform fees for our Private Marketplace, which are recognized on a net revenue basis. The auto insurance industry began to experience a cyclical downturn in the second half of 2021, with many P&C insurance carriers experiencing lower than expected underwriting profitability, leading them to reduce marketing budget allocations to our channel. In late March 2023, one of the Company's major insurance carriers significantly reduced their customer acquisition spend with the Company due to ongoing loss cost inflation and unfavorable prior year reserve developments. We expect this reduction in customer acquisition spend from this carrier to last beyond the second quarter of 2023 but are currently unable to predict accurately the duration of this cyclical downturn or its impact on our revenue from the P&C insurance vertical, or our profitability, beyond the second quarter of 2023.

The increase in health insurance revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was driven by increases in customer acquisition spending in our marketplaces by our under 65 and Medicare insurance partners due to increased demand as well as additional revenue of \$1.5 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 as a result of the acquisition of Customer Helper Team, LLC (CHT) in April 2022.

Revenue from the life insurance vertical for the three months ended March 31, 2023, was essentially flat compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022.

The decrease in other revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was driven primarily by lower revenue from our consumer finance vertical due to a reduction in mortgage and refinancing activity caused by rising interest rates, as well as lower revenue from our travel vertical. In addition, revenue from our education vertical decreased to zero during the three months ended March 31, 2023 from \$0.6 million during the three months ended March 31, 2022 as we fully exited this vertical during the third quarter of 2022.

Cost of revenue

The following table presents our cost of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023			\$ %			Three Months Ended March 31, 2022
Cost of revenue	\$	93,262	\$	(27,619)	(22.8)%	\$	120,881
Percentage of revenue	83.5 %						84.8 %

The decrease in cost of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was driven primarily by lower revenue share payments to suppliers due to the overall decrease in revenue, offset in part by an increase in equity-based compensation expense and an increase in personnel-related costs due to the employees added as a result of the CHT acquisition.

Sales and marketing

The following table presents our sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

(dollars in thousands)		Months Ended rch 31, 2023		\$	%	T	Three Months Ended March 31, 2022
Sales and marketing	\$	6,994	\$	(229)	(3.2)%	\$	7,223
Percentage of revenue	6.3 %						5.1 %

The decrease in sales and marketing expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was due to factors including a decrease in equity-based compensation expense of \$0.3 million and an decrease in personnel-related costs of \$0.5 million on account of terminations, offset in part by an increase in amortization expense of \$0.9 million related to intangible assets arising from our acquisition of CHT.

Product development

The following table presents our product development expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023			\$	%	Three Months Ended March 31, 2022		
Product development	\$	5,168	\$	(48)	(0.9)%	\$	5,216	
Percentage of revenue	4.6 %						3.7 %	

The decrease in product development expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was immaterial.

General and administrative

The following table presents our general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

(dollars in thousands)		Ionths Ended ch 31, 2023	\$	%	Tl	Three Months Ended March 31, 2022		
General and administrative	\$	15,755	\$ (1,393)	(8.1)%	\$	17,148		
Percentage of revenue			12.0 %					

The decrease in general and administrative expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was due primarily to lower professional and accounting related fees of \$1.8 million driven by higher costs incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2022 related primarily to SOX implementation costs, and accounting fees, and lower directors and officers insurance premiums of \$0.7 million. These reductions in expenses were offset in part by a higher equity-based compensation expense of \$0.4 million and legal fees of \$0.5 million related to charges incurred in connection with a civil investigative demand from the Federal Trade Commission.

Equity-based compensation

The following table presents our equity-based compensation expense that was included in costs and operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023		\$ %			Three Months Ended March 31, 2022	
Cost of revenue	\$	66	\$	568	142.7 %	\$	398
Sales and marketing	2,3	81		(324)	(12.0)%	2,7	705
Product development	2,1	72		(77)	(3.4)%	2,2	249
General and administrative	8,8	322		401	4.8 %	8,4	421
Total	\$ 14,3	41	\$	568	4.1 %	\$ 13,	773

The increase in equity-based compensation expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was driven primarily by expenses related to additional restricted stock units granted to employees as part of the annual incentive process and to restricted stock units granted to the employees added in connection with our acquisition of CHT, offset in part by forfeitures due to employee terminations.

Amortization

The following table presents our amortization of intangible asset expense that was included in costs and operating expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

(dollars in thousands)	nths Ended 31, 2023	\$	%	Three Months Ended March 31, 2022
Sales and Marketing	\$ 1,539	\$ 856	125.3 %	\$ 683
General and administrative	190	190	100.0 %	_
Total	\$ 1,729	\$ 1,046	153.1 %	\$ 683

The increase in amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was driven by the amortization of intangible assets arising from our acquisition of CHT.

Other expenses (income), net

The following table presents our other expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

	Three M	lonths Ended	Three Months Ended				
(dollars in thousands)	Marc	March 31, 2023		\$	%	March 31, 2022	
Other expenses (income), net	\$	1,381	\$	1,904	(364.1)%	\$	(523)
Percentage of revenue		1.2 %					(0.4)%

The increase in other expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was driven primarily by an impairment charge of \$1.4 million during the three months ended March 31, 2023 related to a cost method investment and estimated future state tax benefits adjustments related to the tax receivables agreement ("TRA") in the three months ended March 31, 2022, which are no longer applicable as of March 31, 2023, after we concluded that payments under the agreement are no longer probable.

Interest expense

The following table presents our interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

	Three Mo	Three Months Ended					
(dollars in thousands)	March 31, 2023		\$		%	March 31, 2022	
Interest expense	\$	3,576	\$	2,217	163.1 %	\$	1,359
Percentage of revenue		3.2 %					1.0 %

The increase in interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with the three months ended March 31, 2022, was driven by an increase in the interest rate payable on amounts borrowed under the 2021 Credit Facility and the interest on amounts drawn on our 2021 Revolving Credit Facility to fund a portion of the consideration for our acquisition of CHT, offset in part by by the impact of a lower outstanding balance on the 2021 Term Loan Facility.

Income tax expense

The following table presents our income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the two periods:

(dollars in thousands)	Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 \$ %					hree Months Ended March 31, 2022
Income tax expense	\$ 78	\$	(1,065)	(93.2)%	\$	1,143
Percentage of revenue	 0.1 %					0.8 %

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For the three months ended March 31, 2023, we recorded an income tax expense of \$0.1 million resulting from our effective tax rate of (0.5)%, which differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21%, due primarily to the tax impacts of recording a valuation allowance against current year losses, nondeductible equity-based compensation, losses associated with non-controlling interests not taxable to us, state taxes, and other nondeductible permanent items. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, we recorded an income tax expense of \$1.1 million resulting from our effective tax rate of (13.1)%, which differed from the U.S. federal statutory rate of 21%, due primarily to nondeductible equity-based compensation, losses associated with non-controlling interests not taxable to us, state taxes, and other nondeductible permanent items.

Key business and operating metrics

In addition to traditional financial metrics, we rely upon certain business and operating metrics that are not presented in accordance with GAAP to estimate the volume of spending on our platform, estimate and recognize revenue, evaluate our business performance and facilitate our operations. Such business and operating metrics should not be considered in isolation from, or as an alternative to, measures presented in accordance with GAAP and should be considered together with other operating and financial performance measures presented in accordance with GAAP. Also, such business and operating metrics may not necessarily be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA

We define "Adjusted EBITDA" as net income excluding interest expense, income tax benefit (expense), depreciation expense on property and equipment, amortization of intangible assets, as well as equity-based compensation expense and certain other adjustments as listed in the table below. Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure that we present to supplement the financial information we present on a GAAP basis. We monitor and present Adjusted EBITDA because it is a key measure used by our management to understand and evaluate our operating performance, to establish budgets and to develop operational goals for managing our business. We believe that Adjusted EBITDA helps identify underlying trends in our business that could otherwise be masked by the effect of the expenses that we exclude in the calculations of Adjusted EBITDA. Accordingly, we believe that Adjusted EBITDA provides useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results, enhancing the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects. In addition, presenting Adjusted EBITDA provides investors with a metric to evaluate the capital efficiency of our business

Adjusted EBITDA is not presented in accordance with GAAP and should not be considered in isolation of, or as an alternative to, measures presented in accordance with GAAP. There are a number of limitations related to the use of Adjusted EBITDA rather than net income, which is the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP. These limitations include the fact that Adjusted EBITDA excludes interest expense on debt, income tax benefit (expense), equity-based compensation expense, depreciation and amortization, and certain other adjustments that we consider useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results. In addition, other companies may use other measures to evaluate their performance, including different definitions of "Adjusted EBITDA," which could reduce the usefulness of our Adjusted EBITDA as a tool for comparison.

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA with net (loss), the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Three months ended

	•	March 31		
(in thousands)	2023		2022	
Net (loss)	\$ (1	4,584) \$	(9,848)	
Equity-based compensation expense	1	4,341	13,773	
Interest expense		3,576	1,359	
Income tax expense		78	1,143	
Depreciation expense on property and equipment		96	98	
Amortization of intangible assets		1,729	683	
Transaction expenses ⁽¹⁾		294	380	
SOX implementation costs ⁽²⁾		_	110	
Impairment of cost method investment		1,406	_	
Changes in TRA related liability ⁽³⁾		6	(630)	
Changes in Tax Indemnification Receivable ⁽⁴⁾		(14)	_	
Settlement of federal and state income tax refunds ⁽⁵⁾		3	74	
Legal expenses ⁽⁶⁾		333	_	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	7,264 \$	7,142	

- (1) Transaction expenses consist of \$0.3 million of legal, and accounting fees incurred by us for the three months ended March 31, 2023, in connection with a resale registration statement filed with the SEC. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, transaction expenses consist of \$0.4 million of expenses incurred by us in connection with our acquisition of CHT.
- (2) SOX implementation costs consist of \$0.1 million of expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2022 for third-party consultants to assist us with the development, implementation, and documentation of new and enhanced internal controls and processes for compliance with SOX Section 404(b) for fiscal 2021.
- (3) Changes in TRA related liability consist of immaterial expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2023, and \$0.6 million of income for the three months ended March 31, 2022, due to a change in the estimated future state tax benefits and other changes in the estimate resulting in reductions of the TRA liability.
- (4) Changes in Tax Indemnification Receivable consists of immaterial income for the three months ended March 31, 2023 related to a reduction in the tax indemnification receivable recorded in connection with the Reorganization Transactions. The reduction also resulted in a benefit of the same amount which has been recorded within income tax expense.
- (5) Settlement of federal and state tax refunds consist of immaterial expenses and \$0.1 million of expense incurred by us for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, related to a payment to White Mountains for state tax refunds for the period prior to the Reorganization Transactions related to 2020 tax returns. The settlement also resulted in a benefit of the same amount which has been recorded within income tax expense.
- (6) Legal expenses of \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, includes legal fees incurred in connection with a civil investigative demand received from the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) in February 2023.

Contribution and Contribution Margin

We define "Contribution" as revenue less revenue share payments and online advertising costs, or, as reported in our consolidated statements of operations, revenue less cost of revenue (i.e., gross profit), as adjusted to exclude the following items from cost of revenue: equity-based compensation; salaries, wages, and related costs; internet and hosting costs; amortization; depreciation; other services; and merchant-related fees. We define "Contribution Margin" as Contribution expressed as a percentage of revenue for the same period. Contribution and Contribution Margin are non-GAAP financial measures that we present to supplement the financial information we present on a GAAP basis. We use Contribution and

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Contribution Margin to measure the return on our relationships with our supply partners (excluding certain fixed costs), the financial return on and efficacy of our online advertising costs to drive consumers to our proprietary websites, and our operating leverage. We do not use Contribution and Contribution Margin as measures of overall profitability. We present Contribution and Contribution Margin because they are used by our management and board of directors to manage our operating performance, including evaluating our operational performance against budget and assessing our overall operating efficiency and operating leverage. For example, if Contribution increases and our headcount costs and other operating expenses remain steady, our Adjusted EBITDA and operating leverage increase. If Contribution Margin decreases, we may choose to re-evaluate and re-negotiate our revenue share agreements with our supply partners, to make optimization and pricing changes with respect to our bids for keywords from primary traffic acquisition sources, or to change our overall cost structure with respect to headcount, fixed costs and other costs. Other companies may calculate Contribution and Contribution Margin differently than we do. Contribution and Contribution Margin have their limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of our results presented in accordance with GAAP.

The following table reconciles Contribution with gross profit, the most directly comparable financial measure calculated and presented in accordance with GAAP, for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Three months ended March 31,			
(in thousands)	 2023	2022		
Revenue	\$ 111,630 \$	142,599		
Less cost of revenue	(93,262)	(120,881)		
Gross profit	18,368	21,718		
Adjusted to exclude the following (as related to cost of revenue):				
Equity-based compensation	966	398		
Salaries, wages, and related	1,047	656		
Internet and hosting	150	104		
Other expenses	172	127		
Depreciation	11	6		
Other services	715	530		
Merchant-related fees	(4)	15		
Contribution	21,425	23,554		
Gross margin	16.5 %	15.2 %		
Contribution Margin	19.2 %	16.5 %		

Transaction Value

We define "Transaction Value" as the total gross dollars transacted by our partners on our platform. Transaction Value is a driver of revenue, with differing revenue recognition based on the economic relationship we have with our partners. Our partners use our platform to transact via Open and Private Marketplace transactions. In our Open Marketplace model, Transaction Value is equal to revenue recognized and revenue share payments to our supply partners represent costs of revenue. In our Private Marketplace model, revenue recognized represents a platform fee billed to the demand partner or supply partner based on an agreed-upon percentage of the Transaction Value for the Consumer Referrals transacted, and accordingly there are no associated costs of revenue. We utilize Transaction Value to assess revenue and to assess the overall level of transaction activity through our platform. We believe it is useful to investors to assess the overall level of activity on our platform and to better understand the sources of our revenue across our different transaction models and verticals.

The following table presents Transaction Value by platform model for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Three months ended March 31,				
(dollars in thousands)	 2023		2022		
Open Marketplace transactions	\$ 107,659	\$	138,096		
Percentage of total Transaction Value	55.7 %		57.8 %		
Private Marketplace transactions	85,506		100,916		
Percentage of total Transaction Value	44.3 %		42.2 %		
Total Transaction Value	\$ 193,165	\$	239,012		

The following table presents Transaction Value by vertical for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Three months ended March 31,					
(dollars in thousands)	202	23 2022				
Property & Casualty insurance	\$ 1	\$ 148,083				
Percentage of total Transaction Value		61.0 % 62.0 %				
Health insurance		59,412 60,255				
Percentage of total Transaction Value		30.8 % 25.2 %				
Life insurance		10,117 12,392				
Percentage of total Transaction Value		5.2 % 5.2 %				
Other		5,712 18,282				
Percentage of total Transaction Value		3.0 % 7.6 %				
Total Transaction Value	\$ 1	193,165 \$ 239,012				

Consumer Referrals

We define "Consumer Referral" as any consumer click, call or lead purchased by a buyer on our platform. Click revenue is recognized on a payper-click basis and revenue is earned and recognized when a consumer clicks on a listed buyer's advertisement that is presented subsequent to the consumer's search (e.g., auto insurance quote search or health insurance quote search). Call revenue is earned and recognized when a consumer transfers to a buyer and remains engaged for a requisite duration of time, as specified by each buyer. Lead revenue is recognized when we deliver data leads to buyers. Data leads are generated either through insurance carriers, insurance-focused research destination websites or other financial websites that make the data leads available for purchase through our platform, or when consumers complete a full quote request on our proprietary websites. Delivery occurs at the time of lead transfer. The data we generate from each Consumer Referral feeds into our analytics model to generate conversion probabilities for each unique consumer, enabling discovery of predicted return and cost per sale across the platform and helping us to improve our platform technology. We monitor the number of Consumer Referrals on our platform in order to measure Transaction Value, revenue and overall business performance across our verticals and platform models.

The following table presents the percentages of total Transaction Value generated from clicks, calls and leads for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022:

	Three months March 31	
	2023	2022
Clicks	78.7 %	77.7 %
Calls	12.9 %	11.7 %
Leads	8.4 %	10.6 %

Segment information

We operate in the United States and in a single operating segment. Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision-making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. Our chief operating decision maker is our chief executive officer, who reviews financial information presented on a consolidated basis for purposes of allocating resources and evaluating financial performance. No expense or operating income is evaluated at a segment level. Our acquisition of CHT did not create any additional segments as our chief executive officer continues to review financial information and allocate resources on a consolidated basis. Since we operate in one operating segment and reportable segment, all required financial segment information can be found in the consolidated financial statements.

Liquidity and capital resources

Overview

Our principal sources of liquidity are our cash flow generated from operations and cash and funds available under the 2021 Revolving Credit Facility. Our principal uses of cash include funding of our operations, interest payments, and mandatory principal payments on our long-term debt. As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, our cash and cash equivalents totaled \$19.5 million and \$14.5 million, respectively. As of March 31, 2023, the aggregate principal amount outstanding under the 2021 Term Loan Facility was \$178.1 million and our borrowing capacity under the 2021 Revolving Credit Facility was \$45.0 million.

We believe that our current sources of liquidity, which include cash flow generated from operations, cash and funds available under the 2021 Credit Facilities, will be sufficient to meet our projected operating and debt service requirements, and we expect that we will continue to comply with our financial covenants under the 2021 Credit Facilities, for at least the next twelve months. To the extent that our current liquidity is insufficient to fund future activities or we do not remain in compliance with our financial covenants under the 2021 Credit Facilities, we may need to reduce operating costs, negotiate amendments to or waivers of the terms of such credit facilities, refinance our debt, or raise additional capital. We have historically not used funds available under our credit facilities to fund our operations and payments under the credit facilities.

Our business is seasonal and cyclical in nature and these trends, if continued for a long period of time, could impact the cash flows generated from operations, requiring us to draw on our available borrowing capacity under the 2021 Revolving Credit Facility or raise additional funds in the short term. During the second half of 2021, the auto insurance industry began to experience a cyclical downturn, as supply chain disruptions and cost increases caused by the pandemic and overall inflationary pressures contributed to higher-than-expected P&C insurance claims costs, which led many carriers to reduce their customer acquisition spending to preserve their profitability. While one of our major insurance carrier partners had resumed their customer acquisition spending with us in the first quarter of 2023, in late March 2023 they significantly reduced their customer acquisition spend with us due to experiencing higher than expected loss ratios on account of several underlying factors, including ongoing loss cost inflation and unfavorable prior year reserve developments. These reductions have reduced our expected near-term revenue and Adjusted EBITDA and our forecasted cushion with respect to compliance with the financial covenants under the 2021 Credit Facilities, and we are currently unable to reasonably estimate their impact beyond the second quarter of 2023. In the event that our financial results are below our expectations due to cyclical conditions in our primary vertical markets or other factors, we may need to take additional actions to remain in compliance with the financial covenants under the 2021 Credit Facilities.

On April 1, 2022, we closed the acquisition of substantially all of the assets of Customer Helper Team, LLC ("CHT") for cash consideration of \$49.7 million at closing, plus contingent consideration of up to \$20.0 million based on CHT's achievement of revenue and profitability targets for the two successive twelve-month periods following the closing. We funded the transaction in part by drawing \$25.0 million under the 2021 Revolving Credit Facility and the balance from cash on hand as of the closing. CHT was unable to meet its target for the first twelve-month period and accordingly we did not pay any consideration related to that period. Further, based on the current forecast for the CHT related business, we do not expect the contingent consideration for the second twelve-month period to be earned or payable. As of March 31, 2023, we have repaid \$20.0 million of the amounts drawn under the 2021 Revolving Credit Facility to fund the purchase price for this acquisition.

We may in the future engage in additional merger and acquisition or other activities, including share repurchases, that could require us to draw on our existing credit facilities or raise additional capital through the sale of equity securities or through debt financing arrangements. If we raise additional funds by issuing equity securities, the ownership of our existing stockholders will be diluted. The incurrence of additional debt financing would result in debt service obligations, and any future instruments governing such debt could provide for operating and financing covenants that could restrict our operations. Our

material cash requirements include our long-term debt, operating lease obligations, any payments under the TRA, and any contingent consideration payable in connection with our acquisition of CHT.

Cash Flows

The following table presents a summary of our cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, and the dollar and percentage changes between the periods:

(dollars in thousands)	 months ended rch 31, 2023	\$	%	ree months ended March 31, 2022
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 12,556	\$ 4,251	51.2 %	\$ 8,305
Net cash (used in) investing activities	\$ (30)	\$ 10	(25.0)%	\$ (40)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	\$ (7,539)	\$ (3,998)	112.9 %	\$ (3,541)

Operating activities

Cash flows provided by operating activities were \$12.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with \$8.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase resulted from lower working capital usage due primarily to the timing of our payables and receivables.

Investing activities

Cash flows used in investing activities were immaterial for the three months ended March 31, 2023 and 2022.

Financing activities

Cash flows used in financing activities were \$7.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2023, compared with \$3.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase was due primarily to higher payments made pursuant to the TRA and distributions to non-controlling interests.

Senior secured credit facilities

2021 Credit Facilities

On July 29, 2021, QuoteLab, LLC entered into an amendment (the "First Amendment") to the 2020 Credit Agreement (as amended by the First Amendment, the "Amended Credit Agreement"). The Amended Credit Agreement provides for a new senior secured term loan facility in an aggregate principal amount of \$190.0 million (the "2021 Term Loan Facility"), the proceeds of which were used to refinance all of the \$186.4 million outstanding under the existing 2020 Term Loan Facility and the unpaid interest thereon as of the date of the First Amendment, to pay fees related to these transactions, and to provide cash for general corporate purposes, and a new senior secured revolving credit facility with commitments in an aggregate amount of \$50.0 million (the "2021 Revolving Credit Facility" and, together with the 2021 Term Loan Facility, the "2021 Credit Facilities"), which replaced the 2020 Revolving Credit Facility. Our obligations under the 2021 Credit Facilities are guaranteed by QLH and secured by substantially all assets of QLH and QuoteLab, LLC.

Borrowings under the 2021 Credit Facilities bear interest at a rate equal to, at our option, the London Interbank Offered Rate plus an applicable margin, with a floor of 0.00%, or a base rate plus an applicable margin. The applicable margins will be based on our consolidated total net leverage ratio as calculated under the terms of the Amended Credit Agreement (the "Leverage Ratio") for the prior fiscal quarter and range from 2.00% to 2.75% with respect to the London Interbank Offered Rate and from 1.00% to 1.75% with respect to the base rate. The 2021 Credit Facilities allows for the LIBOR to be phased out and replaced with other interbank offered rates to alternative reference rates such as Secured Overnight Funding Rate ("SOFR"). We expect to amend the Amended Credit Agreement to replace the existing LIBOR with an alternative reference rate prior to the expected phase out of LIBOR in June 2023.

Loans under the 2021 Credit Facilities will mature on July 29, 2026. Loans under the 2021 Term Loan Facility amortize quarterly, beginning with the first business day after December 31, 2021 and ending with June 30, 2026, by an amount equal to 1.25% of the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the term loans initially made. The 2021 Revolving Credit Facility does not require amortization of principal and will mature on July 29, 2026.

As of March 31, 2023, we had \$175.9 million of outstanding borrowings, net of deferred debt issuance costs of \$2.2 million, and \$5.0 million under the 2021 Term Loan Facility and 2021 Revolving Credit Facility, respectively.

Tax receivables agreement

Our purchases (through Intermediate Holdco) of Class B-1 units from certain unitholders in connection with the IPO, as well as exchanges of Class B-1 units subsequent to the IPO (together with an equal number of shares of our Class B common stock) for shares of our Class A common stock (or, at our election, cash of an equivalent value) ("Exchange"), and the Pre-IPO Leveraged Distribution and other actual or deemed distributions by QLH to its members pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, have resulted and are expected to continue to result in increases in our allocable tax basis in the assets of QLH. These increases in tax basis are expected to increase (for tax purposes) depreciation and amortization deductions allocable to us and, therefore, reduce the amount of tax that we otherwise would be required to pay in the future. This increase in tax basis may also decrease gain (or increase loss) on future dispositions of certain assets to the extent tax basis is allocated to those assets.

In connection with the IPO, we entered into the TRA with Insignia, the Senior Executives, and White Mountains related to the tax basis step-up of the assets of QLH and certain net operating losses of Intermediate Holdco. The agreement requires us to pay Insignia and the Senior Executives or any assignees 85% of the cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax we realize (or are deemed to realize) as a result of (i) any increases in tax basis of assets of QLH resulting from any Exchange, and (ii) certain other tax benefits related to making our payments under the TRA. The TRA also requires us to pay White Mountains 85% of the amount of the cash savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax that we realize (or are deemed to realize) as a result of the utilization of the net operating losses of Intermediate Holdco attributable to periods prior to the IPO and the deduction of any imputed interest attributable to our payment obligations under the TRA.

In addition to tax expenses, we may also make payments under the TRA, which could to be significant. We account for the income tax effects and corresponding TRA effects resulting from any Exchange by recognizing an increase in our deferred tax assets, based on enacted tax rates at the date of the Exchange. We evaluate the likelihood that we will realize the benefit represented by the deferred tax asset and, to the extent that we estimate that it is more likely than not that we will not realize the benefit, we will reduce the carrying amount of the deferred tax asset with a valuation allowance. The amounts to be recorded for both the deferred tax assets and the liability for our obligations under the TRA are estimated at the time of any purchase or exchange as a reduction to stockholders' equity, and the effects of changes in any of our estimates after this date will be included in net income (loss). Similarly, the effect of subsequent changes in the enacted tax rates will be included in net income (loss). Judgment is required in assessing the future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in our consolidated financial statements. A change in our assessment of such consequences, such as realization of deferred tax assets, changes in our assessment of probability of making payments under the TRA, changes in blended tax rates, changes in tax laws or interpretations thereof could materially impact our results. As of December 31, 2022, in conjunction with recording a valuation allowance on our deferred tax assets and projections of future taxable income, we determined that we no longer consider the payments under the agreement to be probable, and so remeasured our liabilities pursuant to the TRA, net of current portion, to be zero. As of March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company recorded zero and \$2.8 million, respectively, as current portion of payments due under the TRA within accrued expenses on the consolidated balance sheets.

Recent accounting pronouncements

For a discussion of new accounting pronouncements recently adopted and not yet adopted, see Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements appearing in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Critical accounting policies and estimates

Our critical accounting policies and estimates are included in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K and did not materially change during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

In the normal course of business, we are subject to market risks. Market risk represents the risk of loss that may impact our financial position due to adverse changes in financial market prices and rates.

Interest rate risk

The 2021 Credit Facilities bear interest at a variable rate. As a result, we may be exposed to fluctuations in interest rates to the extent of our outstanding borrowings under the 2021 Credit Facilities. A hypothetical 1.0% increase or decrease in

the interest rate associated with the 2021 Credit Facilities would have resulted in a \$0.5 million impact on interest expense for the three months ended March 31, 2023.

Concentrations of credit risk and of significant demand and supply partners

Financial instruments that potentially expose us to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. We maintain cash balances that can, at times, exceed amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. We have not experienced any losses in these accounts and believe we are not exposed to unusual risk beyond the normal credit risk in this area based on the financial strength of the institutions with which we maintain our deposits.

Our accounts receivable, which are unsecured, may expose us to credit risk based on their collectability. We control credit risk by investigating the creditworthiness of all customers prior to establishing relationships with them, performing periodic reviews of the credit activities of those customers during the course of the business relationship, regularly analyzing the collectability of accounts receivable, and recording allowances for credit losses.

Three months ended

Three months ended

Customer and supplier concentrations consisted of the below:

			ch 31, 2023			March 31, 2022	
	Number of customers or suppliers exceeding 10%		gate Value nillions)	% of Total	Number of customers or suppliers exceeding 10%	Aggregate Value (in millions)	% of Total
Revenue	1	\$	17	15 %	1	\$ 19	13 %
Purchases	1	\$	10	10 %	1	\$ 14	11 %
			s of 31, 2023			As of December 31, 2022	
	Number of customers or suppliers exceeding 10%	Aggregat (in mil		% of Total	Number of customers or suppliers exceeding 10%	Aggregate Value (in millions)	% of Total
Accounts receivable	1 \$	5	6	15 %	—\$	_	— %
Accounts payable	1 \$	S	5	11 %	2 \$	22	40 %

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of March 31, 2023, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer (principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (principal financial officer), of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) to determine whether such disclosure controls and procedures provide reasonable assurance that information to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the SEC and such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer or persons performing similar functions, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based on their evaluation, our principal executive officer and our principal financial officer have concluded our disclosure controls and procedures were effective to provide reasonable assurance as of March 31, 2023.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended March 31, 2023, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls

In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In addition, the design of disclosure controls and procedures must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints and management is required to apply its judgment in evaluating the benefits of possible controls and procedures relative to their cost.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The content of Part I, Item 1 "Financial Statements—Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements—Commitments Contingencies - Litigation" of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is hereby incorporated by reference in its entirety in this Item 1.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes to the risk factors disclosed under Part I, Item 1A "Risk Factors" in the 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

None.

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

The following table provides information about the Company's share repurchase activity for the three months ended March 31, 2023:

Period:	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased ⁽¹⁾	Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number (or Approximate Dollar Value) of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
January, 2023	537	\$ 11.55	N/A	N/A
February, 2023	86,434	\$ 14.37	N/A	N/A
March, 2023	_	\$ _	N/A	N/A

⁽¹⁾ These shares of Class A Common Stock were withheld to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with the vesting of restricted stock units issued to employees of the Company. The Company withheld these shares at their fair market values based upon the closing prices of our Class A Common Shares on NYSE on the purchase dates.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

Incorporated by Reference

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description	Form	File No.	Exhibit	Filing Date
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002				
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002				
32.1**	Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 USC. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002				
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document				
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document				
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document				
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document				
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document				
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document				
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (Embedded with the Inline XBRL document)				

⁺ Management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

^{*} Filed herewith.

^{**} Furnished herewith. This exhibit should not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

MEDIAALPHA, INC.

Date: May 5, 2023 /s/ Patrick R. Thompson

Patrick R. Thompson
Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Steve Yi, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Media Alpha, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2023	/s/ Steve Yi
	Steve Yi
	Chief Executive Officer President and Co Foundary

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Patrick R. Thompson, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MediaAlpha, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2023	/s/ Patrick R. Thompson
	Patrick R. Thompson
	Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MediaAlpha, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(1)

(2)	The information contained in the Report fairly presents, i Company.	n all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the
Date: May 5, 2	023	/s/ Steve Yi

Steve Yi Chief Executive Officer, President, and Co-Founder

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of MediaAlpha, Inc. (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: May 5, 2023	/s/ Patrick R. Thompson
	Patrick R. Thompson
	Chief Financial Officer & Treasurer